

The Investigation Impact Ethical Perspective of Financial Management on Financial Reports

Seyed Hesam Hesampanah¹, Mohammad Zabihmanesh², Sadegh Hamehkhani³,
Homayoun Khosravi⁴

¹Industrial Management Institute of Kermanshah

²Department of Accounting, Sahne Branch, Islamic Azad University, Sahne, Iran

³Imam Reza center of Applied science and technology (ircast) Eslam Abad garb, Kermanshah, Iran

⁴Department of Accounting, Borujerd Branch, Islamic Azad University, Borujerd, Iran

ABSTRACT

Ethics are important because finances make people do some strange things. The spreadsheet does not have a conscience, and the goal of working with spreadsheets is to make numbers add up in a way that is pleasing to the organizations and its constituents. Financial managers are responsible for the difficulty in interpreting sensitive and exchanges presenting them in the form of financial reports that can be used to evaluate corporate performance is Month interest groups are responsible. So unethical professional practice includes providing financial information poor quality can destroy public confidence in financial management. With increasing global attention to the topic of ethics and quality of information in the accounting profession, in this paper an attempt has been made to the research vacuum in the corner of the financial manager explained the moral perspective on the quality of financial reporting to be filled. Field research companies in Tehran Stock Exchange are accepted. In this study, the ethical perspective of financial management as the independent variable is the moral status was assessed with a questionnaire. Quality and usefulness of financial reporting used to be correct financial reporting as dependent variables were examined. The aims of the present study include applied research, in terms of how to collect the required data from the standpoint of descriptive and correlation research is considered. For data analysis software (SPSS) was used. Based on the results obtained from the ethical perspective of financial management and financial reporting, there is a significant relationship; It is recommended that companies choose their money managers not only scientific and practical aspects of management should be considered But the ethical aspect of the study is important for managers should pay special attention to ethics and corporate managers have a choice.

KEYWORDS: Ethical perspective, Financial reporting, Helpful, Reliable, Correct.

1. INTRODUCTION

Management, change management, marketing management, financial management has. The importance of ethical managers, most of the power and resources to provide for them more than others, so if the deterrent is called "evil" than the others would not risk their diversion. Ethical significance of directors after everyone else is that much power and influence in the community plays a role. Lawrence Kohlberg (1969) developed a theory of moral development with roots in the work of Swiss psychologist Jean Piaget which he intended to be applied to moral education. [2] His ideas have since been applied to analysis of moral development in many areas and disciplines. Financial managers are responsible for the difficulty in interpreting sensitive and Exchanges providing financial reports that can be used to form to evaluate the performance of the group companies have benefited. So unethical professional practice includes the representation of financial information quality can be poor financial managers to destroy the public's trust [3]. With increasing global attention to the topic of ethics and quality of information in the accounting profession [4]. This study is an attempt to corner the research gaps in the explanation of moral views on the quality of financial reporting and financial management to be filled. A survey of ethical issues among executives of companies listed on the Stock Exchange's main objective research. The main question is whether the author's perspective on ethical financial management financial reports of listed companies is affected?

LITERATURE REVIEW

Rest (1983) Defining Issues Test method provides a tool for evaluating test showed levels of moral development in individuals. The scale is small and easy to use due to the large number of accounting ethics research

Corresponding Author: Sadegh Hamehkhani, Imam Reza center of Applied science and technology (ircast) Eslam Abad gharb, Kermanshah, Iran.

were used. However, tests showed that the definition of research topics, the credit is not great [6]. Thornton (2006) study to assess the validity of model assumptions triple Kleberg on ethics in financial management, the theoretical basis defined test topics are addressed. The first assumption is that justice is the only moral principle. The second assumption is that the independent reasoning of metaphorical reasoning is preferred. The third assumption is that the arrangement view, more morally preferable view is Trader sandy [7] The results of this study showed the validity of these assumptions is that the question of ethics in accounting research should be repeated, Because of the linear relationship between lower test scores and behavior of professional accountants define the issues raised in previous research, is not valid [8]. Bok (1995) argues that a Hiram their values based on reciprocity, honesty, kindness and loyalty are Maser shah. Morality is a fact of life that must be done to reach it. Watson (1996) states that Management actions emanating from a set of beliefs and practices that Combines the principles of business ethics. According to Watson, managers sometimes act contrary to what they claim [9]. Sometimes managers have discovered something which not only does not work but not in the same act, it is founded. Thus, research on what managers do appear but not enough after many years of research in this field was done strong confirmation of the importance and represents a great value that has been recognized for its academics. These results indicate that the quality of information provided by a number of factors can influence corporate information systems, Such as the role of senior managers, policies imposed standards for data quality, financial, educational, organizational structures, relationships between staff, policy evaluation and remuneration based on the quality of the information provided, change management, audit, internal control, continuous improvement, customer focus, corporate culture and corporate social culture[10].

Research hypotheses

Like other employees, professional accountant, have a moral responsibility and should addition, the principles apply to your job. This confirms the sensitivity of the standards of professional ethics. The question paper is whether the moral perspective of financial management financial reports of companies listed on the Tehran Stock Exchange is effective? Therefore, to investigate this question a basic premise and three sub-hypotheses are proposed as follows:

Main hypothesis:

Ethical perspectives are impressive on financial reporting of corporate finance executives listed.

Sub-hypothesis (1):

Ethical views are impressive on the usefulness on financial reporting of financial executives listed companies.

Sub-hypothesis (2):

Financial manager's ethical perspectives are impressive on reliable financial reports of listed companies.

Sub-hypothesis (3):

Ethical views are impressive on the fairness of financial management financial reports of listed companies.

METHODOLOGY

The study of the nature and purposes of the application and how to collect the required data is the descriptive method. To test the hypotheses, correlation analysis will be used. Statistical Society of Listed Companies in Tehran Stock Exchange, which is a continuous activity during the period under study, are in stock. Chose to sample only those companies that meet the requirements are as follows:

- The period of March to the end of their financial year and the change during the financial year have not been addressed.
- During the study period, with shares trading interval is not more than six months.
- The nature of the investment company industry has not invested.
- Variables in the model were calculated.

Of 445 companies listed in the top 230 companies were eligible. Period 2011 to 2012 study period encompasses the years. According to the statistical community of this research are corporate finance executives the population size is the number of companies considered Cochran formula that helps basis of the sample size was 136 people. Therefore the sample size calculations are number 167 company. The number of 167 questionnaires was distributed among the members.

Research and theoretical discussions about the literature of library resources such as books and periodicals in English and Persian, and Internet sites, Information relating to the financial statements of companies listed in Tehran Stock Exchange were collected. The instruments used for data collection, including questionnaires, statistical analysis, databases, and software (Excel).

This information was collected using a questionnaire. Measure used in the study, Responses for all variables were measured using 5-point Likert scale (5) strongly Agree (4) Agree (3) neither Agree nor Disagree (2) Disagree

(1) Strongly Disagree. The data were analyzed using SPSS 20th version., the range was further agreed more points were given questionnaires to determine the reliability of Bach Crown's alpha coefficient (the coefficient obtained with 0/79), and for the validity of this test method, questionnaires were used.

Independent variables examined in this study, "Financial executives of moral vision. Dependent variables of the "Financial Reports", "The usefulness of financial reports", "reliable financial reports" and "fairness of financial reports".

For data analysis, was used descriptive and inferential statistics used in the study of graphs and tables for descriptive statistics and inferential statistics, regression methods (ENTER) using Kruskal Wallis (SPSS).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The first sub-hypothesis:

Ethical views are impressive on the usefulness of financial reporting and financial executives listed companies.

Table 1. Summary of regression models

| Standard error | Meaningful level - significant | F | Camera Watson | Adjusted coefficient of determination | Coefficient of determination | Correlation coefficient | Model |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| 0/448 | 0/000 | 32/821 | 1/812 | 0/171 | 0/177 | 0/420 | 1 |

As can be seen in the table above, the camera earned Watson 1/81 because this value is between 1/5 and 2/5 is the assumption of independence of errors is accepted

Table 2. Regression coefficients

| Meaningful level - significant | t | Beta coefficient | Non beta coefficient | Independent variable | Dependent variable |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0/001 | 3/291 | | 1/182 | Constant | Reported to be useful |
| 0/000 | 5/729 | 0/420 | 0/498 | Ethical perspective | |

The above table variable with one unit change in the moral perspective of administrators to 0/498 Of the usefulness of financial reports will change.

The second sub-hypothesis:

Financial manager's ethical perspectives are impressive on reliable financial reports of listed companies.

Table3. Summary of regression models

| Standard error | Meaningful level - significant | F | Camera Watson | Adjusted coefficient of determination | Coefficient of determination | Correlation coefficient | Model |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| 0/468 | 0/001 | 6/626 | 1/560 | 0/035 | 0/042 | 0/204 | 1 |

As can be seen in the table above, the camera earned Watson 1/56 because this value is between 1/5 and 2/5 can be accepted for errors is the assumption of independence.

Table 4. Regression coefficients

| Meaningful level - significant | t | Beta coefficient | Non beta coefficient | Independent variable | Dependent variable |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 0/000 | 6/065 | | 2/275 | Constant | Reliable reporting |
| 0/001 | 2/574 | 0/204 | 0/234 | Ethical perspective | |

The above table variable with one unit change in the moral perspective of administrators to 0/234 unit change in financial reporting is reliable.

The third sub-hypothesis:

Ethical views are impressive on the fairness of financial management financial reports of listed companies.

Table5. Summary of regression models

| Standard error | Meaningful level - significant | F | Camera Watson | Adjusted coefficient of determination | Coefficient of determination | Correlation coefficient | Model |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| 0/578 | 0/029 | 4/882 | 2/048 | 0/025 | 0/031 | 0/176 | 1 |

As can be seen in the table above, the value of the camera to Watson 2/048 are the amount between 1/5 and 2/5 will be admitted to the assumption of independence of errors.

Table 6. Regression coefficients

| Meaningful level - significant | t | Beta coefficient | Non beta coefficient | Independent variable | Dependent variable |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 0/000 | 4/303 | | 1/997 | Constant | Correct reporting |
| 0/029 | 2/210 | 0/176 | 0/248 | Ethical perspective | |

The above table variable with one unit change in the moral perspective of administrators to 248/0 unit change in financial reporting is correct.

The basic hypothesis:

Ethical perspectives are impressive on financial reporting and corporate finance executives listed.

Table7. Summary of regression models

| Standard error | Meaningful level - significant | F | Camera Watson | Adjusted coefficient of determination | Coefficient of determination | Correlation coefficient | Model |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| 0/375 | 0/000 | 20/108 | 1/667 | 0/110 | 0/116 | 0/341 | 1 |

As can be seen in the table above, the camera earned Watson 1/67 because this value is between 1/5 and 2/5 can be accepted for errors is the assumption of independence.

Table 8. Regression coefficients

| Meaningful level - significant | t | Beta coefficient | Non beta coefficient | Independent variable | Dependent variable |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 0/000 | 6/041 | | 1/818 | Constant | Correct reporting |
| 0/000 | 4/484 | 0/341 | 0/327 | Ethical perspective | |

The above table variable with one unit change in the moral perspective of administrators to 0/327 unit is a change in financial reporting.

Conclusion

This study examines the ethical perspective on the subject of whether financial managers financial reports of companies listed on the Tehran Stock Exchange are effective or not. This research revealed several findings which are set out below the results were summarized as follows between financial management and financial reporting ethical perspective, there is a significant relationship. The result is that the future of the accounting profession and the leaders of the profession on ethical leadership by professional accountants and financial reports for Good managers must comply with the Code of Conduct. They also need to explain the importance of high ethical standards and training necessary personal integrity, current and future accountants to do the honorable lead. The future of the accounting profession in its historical role in the development of a fair and prosperous economy and success will continue. According to a contemporary lifestyle and virtual spaces and extension organizations and cultural issues, social and economic societies The only solution to get rid of the problem of providing information and manipulation of adverse financial reports, according to the human spirit in the community, then the moral virtues that the two are linked and complementary. One of the causes of many problems in administrative systems, such as embezzlement, bribery and other organizational problems stem from neglecting to agency managers are People will not pay attention to the material and spiritual needs. To solve many problems of human societies, Inspired by the moral teachings of religious leaders can or inspired by successful managers in organizations, Paving

the way forward for the community and country; The idealistic view of the positive effect on the quality of financial management, It seems essential that the professional institutions and bodies responsible for promoting idealism managers and thus to improve the quality of financial reporting and planning. According to the main hypothesis of this study was approved and confirmed Ethical perspectives on the financial reports of the directors. It is recommended that companies choose their money manager's not only scientific and practical aspects of management should be considered but the ethical aspect of the study is important for managers Managers should pay special attention to ethics and corporate managers have a choice.

REFERENCES

- [1] Afleck-Graves J, Callahan CM, Chipalkatti N (2002). Earnings predictability, formation asymmetry, and market liquidity. *Journal of Accounting Research* 40(3). Imhoff EA (2003). Accounting Quality, Auditing, and Corporate Governance. *Accounting Horizon* –pp65-73
- [2] Chan Samuel, Leung Philomena (2006). The effects of accounting students' ethical reasoning and personal factors on their ethical sensitivity. *Managerial Auditing Journal* 21(A): 436-457
- [3] Forsyth DR (1980). Taxonomy of Ethical Ideologies. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology* 39.
- [4] Forsyth DR (1992). Judging the Morality of Business Practices: The Influence of Personal Moral Philosophies. *Journal of Business Ethics* 5-6.
- [5] karande Kiran, Shankarmahesh Mahesh N. Rao C.P. Rashid Zabid Ma. (2000). Perceived moral intensity, ethical perception, and ethical intention of American and Malaysian managers: A comparative study. *International Business Review* 9: 37-59.
- [6] Landry Raymond, Mayes Glen D, Cortes Angelica C. (2004). Ethical perceptions among Hispanic students: Differences by major and gender. *Journal of Education for Business* 80(2): 102-108.
- [7] Lowton.Alan(2000)"Ethical management for the public services "open university press-pp148-150.
- [8] Palmer, Michael, *Moral Problems*, the Latter worth Pres, Cambridge-pp86-94 ,1995.
- [9] Rojas Maria L, Stone back Jane Y. (2004). The importance of gender across cultures in ethical decision-making. *Journal of Business Ethics* 50(2): 149-165.
- [10] Thornton J(2000).challenges to the defining issues test: A perspective on a accountants moral development. *Research on Accounting Ethics* -pp90-97.